

THE MONTANIAN.

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FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1891.

NEWSPAPER LAW.

A postmaster is required to give official notice (returning a paper does not satisfy the law) when a subscriber does not take his paper from the office, and to state the reasons for its being taken, and a neglect to do so makes the postmaster responsible to the publisher for the payment.

Any person who takes a paper from the post-office, whether directed in his name or in that of another, or whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the pay.

If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount whether it be taken from the office or not. There can be no legal discontinuance until the payment is made.

If the subscriber orders his paper to be stopped at a certain time, and the publisher continues to send it, the subscriber is bound to pay for it if he takes it out of the office. The law proceeds upon the ground that a man must pay for what he uses.

The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the postoffice is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

The election of McKinley as governor of Ohio, takes place next Tuesday.

The Flower of New York will lose much of its attractiveness when the election returns come in next Tuesday.

The Columbian thinks that because a camel can go a long time without water, is no reason for supposing that Ohio will go democratic next Tuesday.

The President has issued an order turning over the Fort Assinabonne hay and coal reservations to the Interior department for disposal under the land laws.

The Anaconda mines and smelters at Butte and Anaconda started up last Thursday a week and everybody in the greatest mining camps in the world are happy.

There is as much difference today between Free traders and democrats as there was 30 years ago between a democrat and a man of Grover Cleveland's stripe

It is no uncommon thing in Helena for a 110-pound girl to hold up a 200-pound citizen and relieve him of his valuables, and once in a while a heavy weight citizen holds up a girl, but not often.

A CITIZENS meeting will be held to-morrow afternoon and a committee appointed to take charge of and inaugurate a way to beautify and improve the appearances of the town. A paper has been circulated and many have subscribed money to be expended for that purpose. This is a good move and one that should meet the hearty co-operation and support of all.

WHAT is the matter with Choteau having a flouring mill? Certainly our people can command the means. We also, have the

water power at hand, and it has long been demonstrated that wheat can be profitably grown here. Taking these things into consideration together with the fact that every pound of flour--and there are hundreds of tons of it used here--is brought into the country from other sections, we see no reason why it would not be a profitable investment within itself. Even though it does not prove a bonanza to its owners, it would certainly pay its way and in doing so would keep thousands of dollars in the community which now goes to the Minneapolis and Dakota miller. Organize, gentlemen, and do something for yourselves and country!

SAME HERE, TOO, PAGE.

Some literary gentlemen of Missoula are exercised over the matter of this county's indebtedness. The simple fact is that Missoula county's treasury has been depleted by mileage bills. The sheriff's office alone, in its business in the Flathead country, has more mileage money than is required to pay all expenses of some Montana counties, and the mileage racket is worked to the extreme limit by the end of the office that travels in this vicinity.—Columbian.

Montana sugar Beets.

The Helena Board of Trade has interested itself in the sugar beet industry, and last week shipped two sacks of beets to the Utah sugar works to be sampled for their sugar producing qualities. The manager of the Utah refinery will analyze these samples free of charge. The result will be looked for with interest as upon it may depend one of Montana's varied industries. There were 18 samples in the lot, grown in Lewis and Clark, Jefferson, Gallatin, Missoula, Dawson, Meagher and Custer counties.

A New Metal.

[Black Hills Tribune.]

"George A. Clark, an experienced iron worker, of Boston, claims to have discovered an ore in the Rocky Mountains which he believes is new to the world. He says: 'I took specimens of the ore to assayers in Cincinnati, Chicago, and Boston and not one half of them could tell me the name of the mineral. Then I began here a series of experiments myself, mixing it with molten iron, and I found that only a small quantity was necessary to increase the fluidity of the metal. It rendered iron ductile and in low grades acted as a purifier. The product of alloy was a homogenous metal of very fine pores, capable of higher finish than before. The slag expelled by its use contained no metal and was very light. In the new treatment of iron, with only one per cent. of the new ore, the former's tensile strength was in-

creased from 10 to 25 per cent. Using half of one per cent. of this ore in a mixture with copper, I found that it gave the metal greater increase--from 60 to 100 per cent.--of tensile strength. The resulting, too, is capable of a high polish. In a word, I found that the ore increased the tensile strength and fluidity under heat of both these metals and makes them both of finer grain. It is noncorrosive.' The ore looks like a fine sandstone, save that it is black, and many pieces of it presented highly polished surfaces as smooth as a bit of glass. Mr. Clarke refuses to state the location of the field, which he states, was exposed over the face of an acre, as he is trying to get hold of it first.'

If Mr. Clark will come to Choteau we will show him a thousand acres covered by his new metal and several acres which he can control by simply recording and developing a mining claim or so. As for the rest of it there are more than a hundred claims already entered and filed on. Come on Mr. Clark and you may get possession of a claim along with the rest of us.

No Eps nor Cays.

The following, clipped from the Rocky Mountain Cyclone, shows how completely the English language is adapted for sudden and unforeseen emergencies:

"We begin the publication of the Roccay Mountain Cyclone with some phew diphphiculties. The type phounders phrom whom we bought our outphit phor this printing ophphice phailed to supply us with any ephs or cays, and it will be phour or phive weex before we can get any. The mistake was not phound out till a day or two ago. We have ordered the missing letters, and will have to get along without them till they come. We don't lique the loox ov this variety ov spelling any better than our readers, but mistaques will happen in the best regulated phamilies and iph the phs, cays, xs and qs hold out, we shall ceep (sound the c hard) the Cyclone whirling, aphter a phashion, till the sorts arrive. It is no joke to us-- it is a serious aphphair."

A Great News paper.

The HELFNA WEEKLY INDEPENDENT, as enlarged and improved by the addition of new features, is certainly one of the model weeklies of the country. The youths' department alone makes it invaluable in every household where there are children. Every number consists of twelve pages of seven columns each, an amount of reading matter furnished by few newspapers in the country. The publishers offer a fine premium to the boys and girls who secure subscribers in a free ticket to the World's Fair.

The subscription price is only \$2 a year, for which sum the paper will be sent to January 1st, 1893.

AT THE HOTELS.

VALLEY HOTEL.

W. S. Barrett, G. W. Arnold, Henry Radcliff, F. Fails, Geo. I. Smith, Belleview; S. G. Read, Steell; W. H. Green, Lake Basin; W. M. Wright, Dry Forks; A. J. Cowell and wife, G. M. Coffee, O. G. Cooper, Bynum; J. H. Day, I. S. Corson, J. Moran, Jos. Herring, John Enderschy, J. Hosseney, Great Falls; L. P. Staats, Riverside, Cal.; E. E. Leech, Dupuyer; Henry Plomondon, F. Bertrand, Nolan Davis, W. M. Morgan, Robare; John McAllister, Canada, C. E. Storms, W. H. Ball, B. Percy Clark, C. G. Monkman, Wm. Lillard, J. G. Hopkinson, F. W. Redding, Louis Miller, H. W. Kelly, Wm. Bruce, Angus Bruce, M. F. Allen, Jno. McGovern, M. D. Cooper, Bert Bowen, Geo. I. Smith, J. A. Hisper, Al. Garrett, C. S. McDonald, J. B. Mitchell, J. C. Taylor, R. McLeod, L. Bruce, Mr. and Mrs. Z. T. Burton, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Cooper, Choteau and vicinity.

CHOTEAU HOUSE.

W. J. Hunter, Helena; Wm. Webber, J. Sherman, Sun River; A. A. Palmer, R. McLeod, Jos. Papillion, J. S. Miller and wife, P. Bennett, Dan. Carpenter, Great Falls; Thos. Jackson, H. Broullette, Pincher Creek; Chas. Zilm, Jos. Hassett, Chicago; Henry Maurer, Philadelphia, Fred. Shipley, New York; I. Halverson, Sweden; W. T. Bowen, St. John, Wash.; Wm. Bry, W. F. Jordan, Marias, E. G. Fulmer, San Francisco; L. Anderson, Dupuyer; T. L. Donahoo, Wyoming; Jno. Doyle, A. Bruce, W. L. Wright, N. Bruce, J. Gilmore, Thos. Mullin, W. Bruce, Mike Howard, J. J. Morrow, W. L. Wright, Alie McLean, Chas. Carpenter, L. Bruce, Wm. Morrison, J. Angus, M. F. Marsh, Andy Murry, Geo. Flint, Jack White, M. H. Burd, Joe. Kier, Z. T. Burton and wife, Choteau and vicinity.

Sweet Scented Donkeys.

Everyone knows how subtle, penetrating and permanent is the rich perfume of attar of roses. The larger part of the world's supply of this delicious scent is made in Persia, where there are many hundreds of acres devoted to the cultivation of roses for this purpose. At certain seasons of the year long caravans of donkeys, laden with the attar, and under guard of soldiers to protect the rich booty from attack by robbers, journey from Central Persia to the little port of Bushire, whence it is exported to Bombay. Other donkey trains similarly escorted proceed to ports on the Caspian sea, whence the attar is conveyed to Turkey and Russia, which, after Hindostan, are the largest consumers of the costly luxury. When the wind is in the right direction the approach of one of these caravans is announced by the scent long before it can be seen, and the line of its progress can be traced by the odor for days after it has passed by.

It's a Long Way Off.

It would take all the Lancashire (England) cotton factories 400 years to spin a thread long enough to reach the nearest star at the present rate of production, of about 155,000,000 miles per day.