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HOPE FOR THE DRUNKARD.

The Great Falls Keeley Institute and The Method of Treatment.

Many good and true citizens will be pleased to learn of the establishment at Great Falls of a Keeley Institute for the cure of drunkenness and the opium habit. Not only is it good news to those who have contracted these habits, but a relief to the many anxious wives and mothers whose husbands and children have been carried out into the stream of destruction and are fast approaching the terrible end! The appearance in the heavens of the Star of Bethlehem was not more welcome to the shepherds of old than was the discovery of the Double Chloride of Gold Cure to the afflicted of our time. The curse which the coming of Christ was to remove, was no more complete in its awful consequences than that which today is carrying down thousands to destruction. As His coming was to the religious world then so may be considered Dr. Keeley's discovery for curing the inebriate today.

DR. LESLIE E. KEELEY,

the discoverer of the effectiveness of the "Double Chloride of Gold" as a cure for drunkenness, opium, and the tobacco habits is a native of New York, born of Irish parents, and now about 55 years of age. He studied medicine in early life but followed other occupations and did not graduate until the class of 1863 at Rush Medical college, Chicago. After the war Dr. Keeley settled in Dwight, which was then what might be called a frontier town and a good field for the practice of medicine. After thirteen years of close, lucrative practice, during all of which time the doctor was constantly seeking a cure for the diseases above mentioned, he discovered the "Double Chloride or Gold," or as it is usually called, the "Chloride of Gold and Sodium," the agent sought for. For five years he used his first remedy, but it was not satisfactory to him. In December, '85, he closed his doors to all patients and did not open them again until June, '87, at which time he began with an entirely new remedy, only retaining gold as a basis. It was then that the hypodermic treatment was added to the constitutional treatment. This is the treatment of to-day. All physicians who take charge of institutes all over the country have to be educated at Dwight, Ill., before going there. In this way Dr. Keeley has

a corps of well educated physicians to take charge of his work and give identical treatment with that at Dwight.

THE GREAT FALLS INSTITUTE, just established, is one of these branches. The idea of establishing the branch here was conceived by D. B. Vermilye, a graduate of the institute at Dwight, F. G. Heldt and Dr. Newman. Arrangements were made to secure a franchise and upon the organization of the company the franchise was purchased. The company was organized and incorporated April 11 with the following officers and trustees: Hon. Paris Gibson, president; Chas. D. Wilt, vice-president; F. Geo. Heldt, secretary, treasurer and manager; A. E. Dickernian and D. L. Tracy. The brick building on the corner of First avenue north and Fourth street was leased for the use of institute and thoroughly renovated and refitted for the purpose. The institute opened for business May 9, with Dr. A. N. Purdy as the physician in charge. Dr. Purdy is a graduate of Queen's college, Kingston, Ontario, and has had 18 years experience in general practice. As is required by the rules of the Keeley company, he received his instruction in the bi-chloride of gold treatment at Dwight under the personal supervision of Dr. Keeley.

ARRIVED AT THE INSTITUTE,

the patient is conducted to the office of the company, where he is registered, goes through a short examination as to his general health, the amount of stimulants he uses daily and what kind. He is required to give up any liquors or drugs he may still have about him, receives a hypodermic injection or "shot," as it is universally called; a drink if he is in need of it; an eight-ounce bottle of the double gold cure, and is then taken; under the direction of an obliging attendant to some one of the hotels, where he remains until he can select for himself a suitable boarding place. There is no long list of printed rules; no attempt at personal supervision; no arbitrary orders as to when you shall lie down or rise up. The most important requirement of the patient is a voluntary acceptance and a sufficiently earnest recognition of the object to be attained and to implicitly observe all directions, which are by no means difficult. The only restrictions to be observed while under treatment are that the patient shall not leave the city without permission; that he must

be regular in the use of the double chloride of gold as directed, and visit the office four times a day at specified hours for hypodermic treatment. In all else he is free to seek such amusement or recreation as his taste or fancy may suggest. After three weeks of this treatment the patient ordinarily is cured and is at liberty to return to his friends and in "what different guise than forth he rode!" Some cases require more time than this, and a patient is not allowed to go until the physician is satisfied that he is not only cured of his appetite for liquor or opiates, but is in good bodily health as well. The cost of treatment, which includes all medicines and medical attendance while the patient remains in the institute is \$30 per week. This does not include board.

A MONTANIAN CURED.

Among the Montanians who have been successfully treated by the bi-chloride of gold cure is George Haldorn, the well-known attorney of Butte. Mr. Haldorn happened to be in Cheyenne trying a case. He was persuaded by his wife and friends to try the Keeley cure and the result as told by himself is as follows: "I didn't have the slightest idea that I would be cured. No one who ever goes there thinks for an instant that he can be cured. In my mind, as in the minds of all others, was just one predominating idea. That was, that there might be a possibility of my getting cured and for that reason I wanted to get all the whisky in me while I had the chance. For about four days I was as lively a drunk as the winds of Cheyenne ever blew on. The next Tuesday night the climax came. I was given the knock down shot. After that Mr. Stowell suggested a drink of whisky and I took a good one. I never was so sick before in my life. I hated the sight of it from that instant. The next morning I tried a drink, but only got it into my mouth when I had to spit it out. That was the last effort.

"But the treatment kept up. They will not let anyone go under three weeks. They give four shots daily, at 8:30 a. m., 12 noon, 4 and 7 p. m. I had 86 injections altogether, with a small tumblerful in each dose. Besides that were six teaspoonfuls of the dope a day for three weeks. I was under treatment 22 days altogether.

"Now what is the result? I feel as lively, as hearty and as well as when I was 20 years old. I have not the slightest taste for liquor, or for tobacco either. Everything seems cheerful and bright. I feel well in the morning and my disposition is changed in lots of ways. My brain is clear; I can do far more work and do it better."

The hardest known wood is cocus wood; it turns the edge of an ax, however well tempered.

In the Australian forests are said to be tracts of country, hundreds of miles in extent, where no other tree than the kanri palm is to be found.